

above the uppermost hydrocarbon-bearing zone shall be used.

(2) When a liner is to be used as production casing below intermediate casing, it shall be lapped a minimum of 100 feet into the previous casing string and cemented as required for the production casing.

§ 250.405 Pressure testing of casing.

(a) Prior to drilling the plug after cementing and in the cases of plugs in production casing strings and liners not planned to be subsequently drilled out, all casings, except the drive or structural casing, shall be pressure tested to 70 percent of the minimum internal-yield pressure of the casing or as otherwise approved or required by the District Supervisor. If the pressure declines more than 10 percent in 30 minutes or if there is another indication of a leak, the casing shall be recemented, repaired, or an additional casing string run and the casing pressure tested again. Additional remedial actions shall be taken until a satisfactory pressure test is obtained. The results of all casing pressure tests shall be recorded in the driller's report.

(b) Each production liner lap shall be tested to a minimum of 500 psi above formation fracture pressure at the shoe of the casing into which the liner is lapped, or as otherwise approved or required by the District Supervisor. The drilling liner-lap test pressure shall be equal to or exceed the pressure that will be encountered at the liner lap when conducting the planned pressure-integrity test below the liner shoe. The test results shall be recorded on the driller's report. If the test indicates an improper seal, remedial action shall be taken which provides a proper seal as demonstrated by a satisfactory pressure test.

(c) In the event of prolonged drill-pipe rotation within a casing string run to the surface or extended operations such as milling, fishing, jarring, washing over, and other operations which could damage the casing, the casing shall be pressure tested or evaluated by a logging technique such as a caliper log every 30 days. The evaluation results shall be submitted to the District Supervisor with a determination of effects of operations on the in-

tegrity of the casing for continued service during drilling operations and over the producing life of the well. If the integrity of the casing in the well has deteriorated to an unsafe level, remedial operations shall be conducted or additional casing set in accordance with a plan approved by the District Supervisor prior to continuing drilling operations.

(d) After cementing any string of casing other than the structural casing string, drilling shall not be resumed until there has been a time lapse of 8 hours under pressure for the conductor casing string and 12 hours under pressure for all other casing strings. Cement is considered under pressure if one or more float valves are shown to be holding the cement in place or when other means of holding pressure are used.

§ 250.406 Blowout preventer systems and system components.

(a) *General.* The BOP systems and system components shall be designed, installed, used, maintained, and tested to assure well control.

(b) *BOP stacks.* The BOP stacks shall consist of an annular preventer and the number of ram-type preventers as specified under paragraphs (e)(1), (f), and (g) of this section. The pipe rams shall be of a proper size(s) to fit the drill pipe in use.

(c) *Working pressure.* The working-pressure rating of any BOP component shall exceed the anticipated surface pressure to which it may be subjected. The District Supervisor may approve a lower working pressure rating for the annular preventer if the lessee demonstrates that the anticipated or actual well conditions will not place demands above its rated working pressure. (Refer to related requirements in § 250.414(f)(3)(ii) of this part.)

(d) *BOP equipment.* All BOP systems shall be equipped and provided with the following:

(1) An accumulator system which shall provide sufficient capacity to supply 1.5 times the volume of fluid necessary to close and hold closed all BOP equipment units with a minimum pressure of 200 psi above the precharge pressure without assistance from a